[May, Mdcclxix.] [Numb. 181.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, May 23, 1769.

BOSTON.

JOURNAL of the TIMES.

[Continued.]

Feb. 25. THE Selectmen received from Governor Bernard laſt Saturday evening, a reply to the addreſs preſented to him laſt Friday noon.

[*See this Gazette*, No. 175.]

It is evident at firſt view, that in this reply, the Governor evades an anſwer, to the proper and decent requeſt of the Selectmen; which could not mean as he would inſinuate, that he ſhould inform them what were the *public acts* of the town meetings; *but how facts have been ſtated*, and what *depoſitions* or *teſtimonies* have been given, relative to the behaviour of the inhabitants, out of town meetings, and conſidered as individuals, that might lead adminiſtration to think they were in a *ſtate of oppoſition to all law and government*. When no inſtance can be brought in which the courſe of juſtice has been violently interrupted, *in any Court*, not before even a *ſingle magiſtrate*; and when the council have publiſhed their teſtimony, the moſt authentic one that could be, that the town was far from being in ſuch a ſtate, and that the *civil authority* did by no means *want the aid of a military power*. The town knows not in what manner facts have been ſtated, to convey ſo unjuſt and injurious an idea of it, as has certainly been entertained; and conſequently is at a loſs how to proceed in its own defence; no one can ſuppoſe the Governor *to be ignorant* of the ſtate of facts *tranſmitted* to adminiſtration; and certainly candour and common juſtice would have led him to communicate this to the town, in order to its own vindication, inſtead of this the application of the ſelectmen upon ſo important an occaſion is inſinuated to be impertinent.

With reſpect to teſtimonies and depoſitions taken *ex parte* againſt the *town* and *particular perſons*, and *induſtriouſly concealed from them*. Had the Governor not *known* or not *believed* the truth of this, he had here ſo fair an occaſion of declaring it, and ſuch a declaration would have been ſo much to his *own honour*, as well as the ſatisfaction of the town, that we cannot ſuppoſe he *would have omitted it*: His ſilence therefore upon this head, *and ſtudied evaſion* of ſo important a requeſt, muſt *confirm* the general apprehenſion, and be conſidered as a *new proof* that ſuch kind of evidence has *actually* been taken. The world will from hence judge what kind of treatment the town of Boſton has received.

The Governor in his reply, has however publicly declared his opinion, that the town has *nothing to apprehend* from any part of its conduct, except *its public acts* in town meetings. Here is then a *Teſtimony in favour of the town*, a teſtimony that no man can object to, that the diſorders that happened the 28th of March and 10th of June, which have been ſo greatly magnified, and of which ſuch uſe has been made for the worſt of purpoſes, cannot, or ought not *in his opinion*, to affect the intereſt of the town, for he ſays, if the town can vindicate *its own publications*; *that is its own acts*, which are *all* that it has publiſhed, it has *nothing further to apprehend*.—Whether his Excellency really intended ſo far to *vindicate* the town of Boſton, I pretend not to ſay, but am glad to find ſuch is the force of *Truth*, that he has *actually done it* in this public manner.

The town has never yet been convinced that any of its public acts were *illegal*, it indeed has been ſaid in general of their illegality by ſome perſons, but no one has undertaken to ſhew what law *they have infringed*.——The Selectmen, with the decent boldneſs of conſcious innocence, have requeſted the Governor to do the town *this favour*, but he has declined it; which will appear from their ſecond addreſs, and his reply:

[*See this Gazette*, No. 175.]

This reply is either wholly unintelligible, or a flat contradiction to the former one. The Governor in that, had publicly declared that in his opinion, the town had nothing to apprehend but from its own public acts, and the conduct of the Selectmen in their publications. If any thing may be gathered from this laſt reply, it is, that he did not *mean* to ſay, the town had nothing to apprehend from ſome *other* tranſactions.—But, whatever he meant this he certainly did ſay.—It is not eaſy to know what the Governor means by *confining himſelf* in his reply to the town as a body, and to the ſelectmen: Is not the town intereſted in every repreſentation, of the conduct of its inhabitants, that muſt greatly affect its welfare? Has it not already ſuffered, and greatly too, by a repreſentation of the tranſactions in March and June laſt, that muſt from its effects, have been eſſentially different from that publiſhed by his Majeſty's council.—— And is it not like to be ſtill further injured by depoſitions and teſtimonies, taken in the moſt concealed manner? It muſt however ſooner or later, find a ſure redreſs of theſe wrongs, in the juſtice of our gracious ſovereign, and the Britiſh parliament.

Feb. 27. Our former predictions of what would be the happy effects of quartering troops in this town, have been too fully verified: They are now moſt wretchedly debauched, and their licentiouſneſs daily increaſing; a particular enumeration of inſtances thereof, would be as tedious, as it is painful.——Two women the other evening, to avoid the *ſolicitations and inſults* of a ſoldier, took refuge in a houſe, at the South end of the town; the ſoldier was ſo audacious, as to enter with them: The cries of diſtreſs brought the maſter of the family into the entry with a candle; and before he could know the occaſion of the noiſe, he received a ſtroke from the ſoldier with his cutlaſs, which brought him to the ground, where he lay ſenſeleſs for ſome time, and ſuffered the loſs of a quart of his blood.—Another woman not happening to pleaſe ſome ſoldiers received a conſiderable wound on her head with a cutlaſs; and a third woman preſuming to ſcream, when laid hold of by a ſoldier, had a bayonet run through her cheek: A number of perſons paſſing the North Watch-houſe, were hailed by the centry; on their refuſing to anſwer the watchmen went out, when they perceived three officers with drawn ſwords, who with bad language groſſly inſulted them.—Two other officers paſſing by the Dock watch, being hailed, were ſo very profane and abuſive in their language, that the watchmen went out to them, when one of thoſe officers drew his ſword, and ſwore that he would run the man through that ſhould come near; they ſoon came to blows, by one of which the ſpear of a watchman's pole was broken, however the officers ſoon fled, and the watchmen could not overtake them, neither have they been able to make a diſcovery who were the aſſailants. But a ſtill more extraordinary inſult upon the citizens, was made the other night: It ſeems that it was wrongly apprehended, that an officer's dog had been ſhot by one Mr. Hemmingway, living near Winiſimmit ferry: To revenge the death of this animal, upon the ſuppoſed murderer, Lieut. M——t of the 14th regiment, with a number of armed ſoldiers entered Hemmingway's houſe, which they ſearched and ranſacked, threatning to be the death of any man they ſhould find there, to the no ſmall terror and diſtreſs of the women and children of the family: Thoſe offenders have been apprehended, and taken before Richard Dana, and John Ruddock, Eſqrs, two of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace, and have by them been bound over to the court of aſſize, to be held next month, then to anſwer to the charges that ſhall be brought againſt them——But notwithſtanding thoſe offenders were thus dealt with! it did not deter ſome ſoldiers the next and ſome ſucceeding nights, from inſulting ſaid houſe with ſtones and brickbats, firing off guns, &c. thereby renewing the terror of thoſe belonging to the family, and greatly diſturbing the whole neighbourhood.

Feb. 28. We have advice from Halifax, that G——r C——p——ll having returned from Boſton without ſucceſs, Mr. Frankland, their Lieut. Governor has ſailed from thence for England; and that the chief deſign of this voyage at this ſeaſon, is to make repreſentation to government, of the diſtreſſing circumſtances of that province, occaſioned by the withdraw of the King's troops, and ſhips of war, and alſo perſonal application that thoſe ſhips and troops, may be replaced by others, in order to prevent the ſettlers from leaving that colony, and to ſecure the town of Halifax againſt any ſudden ſurprize, upon the breaking out of a new war, which they are very apprehenſive of.

March 1. In Meſſrs. Mein and Flemming's Paper of the 20th inſtant there is this Article.

"That the centinel ſtationed near Oliver's Dock, on the Night of the 14th inſt. ſaw the Men who its ſuppoſed broke into Mr. Gray's Store, making the attempt; but his orders being not to challenge any perſon unleſs an attack was made upon himſelf or on the Houſe, at which he was ſtationed; like a good Soldier he acted agreeable to his orders."—— The intent of inſerting this, was without doubt to *inſinuate* how *uſeful* our military guards might be for the protection of the town in the night, and the impropriety of diſputing their right of challenging the inhabitants, but juſt however to obſerve that the centry mentioned above, was actually taken off from the houſe at Oliver's Dock, in the morning of ſaid day, and no one has been placed there ſince; and that it is notorious that there has not lately been a robbery or houſe-breaking in town, in which ſome ſoldiers were not either the principals or accomplices.

March 2. A court of admiralty relative to Mr. Hancock's libels, ſat yeſterday.——It is ſaid the judge has given his decree upon the queſtion mentioned, in our laſt journal, ——and it is ſaid that the purport of it is, that conſidering the uſage of the court, and the inconveniencies that would attend the introduction of the rules of civil law, in caſes of this nature, he decreed the queſtion to be withdrawn. ——As to the *uſage* of the court, it might be obſerved, that there can be *none eſtabliſhed* becauſe there never was *ſuch a caſe* in any court of admiralty, in the world; nor in *any other court*, for it is confidently affirmed that no proſecution for penalties and treble damages, was ever known in England even in the *Exchequer*; the officers there *contenting themſelves* with the confiſcating of ſhip and cargo if they can catch them; which, is no doubt the moſt natural puniſhment of illegal importation——ſo that it is not eaſy to comprehend, by what uſage this queſtion is determined, as to the *inconveniencies*; theſe have not been ſufficient to deter the court from introducing *interrogatories*, into ſuch caſes, which are *unknown* to the common law, and are odious to Engliſhmen; from ſetting at one place and another, at one time or another as pleaſure directs, or policy, or convenience dictates, without any ſuch *regular adjournments*, as in all courts of common law, are neceſſary——From iſſuing *compulſory* citations againſt witneſſes——From ordering perſons to be *arreſted* and held *to high bail* to anſwer before the court *immediately*, without any number of days allowed as at common law, to *compromiſe the ſuit* or prepare *for defence*: In all theſe caſes, the court has adopted the rules of the *civil law*, in trials of matters, the juriſdiction of which is given it by act of parliament. Now where is the *criterion* but in *the Judge's will*, to diſtinguiſh which rules of the civil law *ſhall*, and which *ſhall not* be adopted by the court? —If the *inconveniencies* have not been ſufficient to prevent witneſſes from being examined upon *interrogatories*, and the party from being *compelled* to take the oath of calumny, as in the caſe lately at S——Carolina; if a caſe ſhould happen that ſhould require it, or if the C——m——rs ſhould give their mandate to the court, ſuppoſing them *hereafter* to get a judge fit for the purpoſe, why might he not gently put *parties* or *witneſſes* to the torture, and extend them on the rack? *Donec eorum rumpuntur nervi, et cruor in ſanguinis fluenta prorumpat.* It is reported that the advocates for Mr. Hancock, had no ſolicitude about the queſtion they put to the witneſs, but they thought that if the court would proceed by ſuch rules of the civil law, *as pleaſed the officers of revenue*, they had a right to *ſuch rules* of the ſame law, *as made in favour of Mr. Hancock.*

March 3. The laſt month was inſerted in this Journal, the votes and reſolutions of the aſſembly of Georgia, which reflect moſt honour on themſelves and give great ſatisfaction to the friends of liberty; as they hereby perceive the union of the colonies to be complete: An event which muſt in a ſhort ſpace of time be productive of the happieſt conſequences. The Speaker of the late Houſe of Repreſentatives for this province has juſt received the following letter.

Georgia Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, Dec. 14, 1768.

SIR,

In obedience to the reſolution of this houſe, of which I incloſe a copy, I have the ſatisfaction to acquaint you, that this houſe, truly ſenſible of the importance of the matters contained in your letter to them of the 11th of Feb. 1768, and of the motives which induced your Houſe to communicate them by that letter, entirely approve of the meaſures purſued by your Houſe to obtain redreſs of our common grievances, and alſo of the method by them taken to communicate thoſe meaſures to the other provinces on the continent. Having thus fulfilled the orders of the Houſe, I ſhall only add that I ſincerely wiſh and hope our moſt gracious ſovereign, by equitably attending to the united repreſentations of his American ſubjects, will remove every impediment to that harmony and union which ought to, and I truſt ever will ſubſiſt, between our mother country and the colonies. Signed, N. Jones, Speaker.

March 6. The quartering troops upon Britiſh Americans, in time of peace, is quite repugnant to the bill of rights, and a meaſure that always has been conſidered as an intollerable grievance, by a free people. Bold and daring as the preſent m——rs have ſhewn themſelves, in the rapid inroads they have made upon the Britiſh conſtitution; they have yet modeſtly aimed at ſaving appearances, with reſpect to the troops that have cruelly intruded upon this town. A pretence has been framed, that the aid of the military was abſolutely neceſſary to preſerve order in the town, and ſupport the civil magiſtrate in the execution of his duty; and the m——y have declared to the world that they were to act no otherwiſe than as their aſſiſtants. This covering, which the m——y have endeavoured to wrap themſelves in, has proved too ſcanty for the purpoſe; and the cloven foot is viſible to every American. Preceding articles in this journal, evince what friends the military have proved to the peace and order of the town, and the following relation, among others, will ſatisfy the public, what kind of ſupport the civil magiſtrate can reaſonably expect from ſuch a quarter.

As ſome ſailors were paſſing near Mr. Juſtice Ruddock's houſe, the other night, with a woman in company, they were met by a number of ſoldiers one of whom, as uſual with theſe people, claimed the woman for his wife; this ſoon brought on a battle, in which the ſailors were much bruiſed, and a young man of the town, who was only a ſpectator, received a conſiderable wound on his head; a great cry of murder brought out the juſtice and his ſon, into the ſtreet; when the former, who is a gentleman of ſpirit, immediately laid his hands upon two of the aſſailants, and called out to one who pretended to be an officer, and all other perſons preſent, requiring them in his Majeſty's name to aſſiſt him as a magiſtrate, in ſecuring thoſe rioters; inſtead of this, he was preſently ſurrounded with thirty or forty ſoldiers, who had their bayonets in their hands, notwithſtanding the unſeaſonable time of night; ſome of whom endeavoured to looſe his hold of the perſons he had ſeized, but not being able to do it, they then made at him with their fiſts and bayonets; when he received ſuch blows as obliged him to ſeek his ſafety by flight; they ſtruck down a young woman at his door holding out a candle, and followed him and ſon into the entry way of his houſe with their bayonets, uttering the moſt profane and abuſive language, and ſwearing they would be the death of them both; upon the firſt aſſault given to the magiſtrate, one of the perſons preſent poſted away to the Town-Houſe, and acquainted the commanding officer of the picquet guard, of what was taking place; but it ſeems that officer did not apprehend himſelf at liberty to order a party out to ſecure, or diſperſe thoſe riotous drunken ſoldiers; application was alſo made to the Chief Juſtice, but it proved as ineffectual. Due enquiry is making for the diſcovery of thoſe daring offenders, in order to their being preſented to the Grand Jury, a bayonet wreſted from one of the purſuers in the entry, may lead to the knowledge of the owner, and be a means of procuring proof. This magiſtrate, who has before ſhewn himſelf to be an enemy to every kind of riot and diſorder, has had many threats lately thrown out againſt him, and ſuffered no little inſult and diſquiet:—The other evening a petty officer of one of the ſhips of war, who had knocked down a married woman of this town, as ſhe was quietly paſſing the ſtreets, was brought before him; and being reproved for his indecent ſpeech and behaviour, on trial, he ſwore that he would run his jack-knife through the magiſtrate's heart, whereupon the juſtice committed him to gaol; ſoon after as ſeveral fiſhermen were coming out of a tavern in the ſame part of the town, they were aſſaulted by a corporal and ſome ſoldiers, who wounded one of the fiſhermen very grievouſly, they were ſoon apprehended, and brought before the ſaid juſtice, who was kept up the chief part of the night on the occaſion. In ſhort, diſorders and violences are ſo increaſing, that it is ſaid this magiſtrate is intending an application to his Majeſty's Council, for their countenance and aſſiſtance, in raiſing and arming ſuch a number of the inhabitants as may be ſufficient to ſecure himſelf and the inhabitants from receiving any future inſults from Lord H——ſb——gh's *military peace preſervers.*

SUSANNAH DAVISSON,

HAVING removed from the Bay, to the houſe in Church-ſtreet, lately poſſeſſed by Mr. *Plaiſted Weſton*, will take in gentlemen to lodge and board, and will be obliged to thoſe who will favour her with their company, and her utmoſt endeavours ſhall be uſed to give ſatisfaction.

She will let a firſt floor front room, fit for a ſtore or office, alſo a cellar.

N. B. She ſtill hires out her negro fellow painter, on the uſual terms; but deſires no perſon to employ him without firſt applying to her.

LONDON, March 8.

It is ſaid that the Sophi of Perſia is determined to make war againſt Ruſſia, becauſe ſhe has fortified ſome places on the frontiers of his dominions.

March 9. *We learn from Legborn, that the late ſucceſs of the detachment of Corſicans, poſted at the bridge of Bivinco, was chiefly owing to Captain Kennedy, an Iriſh gentleman, who was a lieutenant laſt war under general Wolfe, in America, and who has for ſome time been in the ſervice of Paoli. He rallied his men three times, and charged the French ſword in hand, till he deſperately wounded their commanding officer, and obliged them to retreat with great precipitation.*

March 13. *We are credibly informed that the long depending diſpute between our court and the Dutch, relative to the arbitrary ſeizure of a Britiſh ſubject's effects at Surinam, which was revived at his preſent Majeſty's acceſſion to the throne, is now in a fair way of being amicably terminated; and though the accommodation propoſed may be leſs advantageous to the heirs of the deceaſed, yet will it be more conducive to the public tranquillity, by preventing the diſagreeable conſequences reſulting from letters of reprizal, which otherwiſe would have ſhortly iſſued in their favour.*

We hear that the fleet now fitting out for ſea at Portſmouth and Plymouth, is to be ſtationed from the banks of Newfoundland to Cape Florida.

March 18. *The enemies of a noble lord, late a great commoner, chuſe to talk of him as one at preſent deſpiſed by all parties; but we can aſſure our readers, that his lordſhip has been viſited by two great perſons in adminiſtration within theſe ten days, on the ſubject of public affairs; but on what particular head (though ſaid to be reſpecting a popular patriot) or what was the noble lord's opinion and advice thereon, we have not heard, nor do we ſuppoſe it has tranſpired.*

March 21. *Yeſterday at a very numerous meeting of the freeholders of Middleſex, at the Mile-end Aſſembly, it was unanimouſly reſolved to confirm their right of election by the repeated choice of Mr. Wilkes for their repreſentative in parliament.*

It was obſerved, that the clear right of the freeholders to chuſe, and the duty of the ſheriffs to receive their votes, and to return Mr. Wilkes, had been put beyond a doubt by the laſt re-election.

A motion was made for a petition to the King, and the freeholders formed unanimous for that meaſure; but on further conſideration the motion was withdrawn, it being ſuggeſted that ſuch a petition would come with greater propriety and force, if the choice of the freeholders ſhould again be defeated.

The meeting was adjourned to the Monday after the next election; when the freeholders are to meet again to determine on the neceſſary ſteps to be taken in ſupport of their rights and liberties.

A letter from Paris, dated March 15, ſays, "The Corſicans have received a dreadful blow from their attack on our poſts at Barbaggio; M. Marbeuf has aſſured our court, that they loſt the flower of their troops in that encounter. M. Colonna, one of their beſt officers, is taken priſoner, beſides 500 of their moſt experienced troops. M. d'Ampus, who obliged Paoli to retire at the head of 1200 men, has received the thanks of the court for his bravery."

Yeſterday morning, about five o'clock, a fire broke out at Mr. Bradley's ſhop and diſtil-houſe, the corner of the piazza in Great Ruſſell-ſtreet, Covent Garden, which in a ſhort time, there being no water, conſumed the following houſes, viz. Mr. Bradley's large ſhop and diſtil-houſe, where it began; the apartment of Mr. Vincent, muſician, over it; Mr. Bradley's dwelling houſe in Ruſſell-ſtreet; Mr. Hall's, cheeſemonger, in the ſame ſtreet; Mr. Lowſley's bagnio; Mr. Rigg's brewhouſe; Mr. Carrel's, Perukе-maker; another of the ſame buſineſs; and great part of the Bedford Arms tavern, all under the piazza. The noble front of the ſaid piazza fell down about eight o'clock, with the moſt terrible concuſſion. The flames were ſo rapid, that ſeveral of the inhabitants loſt moſt of their effects. A party of guards was ſent from the Savoy to prevent the ſufferers from being plundered.

Letters received at Paris from Baſtia, dated February 15, adviſe, that the evening before, the Marquis de Marbeuf retook Barbaggio; when between two and three hundred Corſicans were killed, and between ſix and ſeven hundred made priſoners, of whom forty five were officers.

We hear orders are given for ſeven new frigates of 36 guns each, to be built in the private dock yards on the river Thames, for the government ſervice.

March 22. *His Majeſty has been pleaſed to confer the ſtile, title and dignity of a Baronet of Great-Britain, upon Francis Bernard, Eſq; Governor of his Majeſty's province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, and the heirs-male of his body lawfully begotten.*

March 23. *The Swallow ſloop of war which has been gone upwards of three years, and long thought miſſing, is arrived at Spithead from the South Seas.*

Yeſterday the merchants of London went in proceſſion, in coaches, to St. James's, in order to preſent to his Majeſty a moſt loyal and affectionate Addreſs, ſigned by upwards of a thouſand merchants and principal traders. There were upwards of ſix hundred, in the coaches, who were ſet upon by a mob and groſſly inſulted and abuſed, ſo that not above 140 or 150 reached the palace, where they preſented the Addreſs and were moſt graciouſly received. The mob broke down ſeveral of the coaches, filled others with dirt, deſtroyed the duke of Kingſton's coach at St. James's gate, and continued their outrages till the arrival of a party of the horſe guards, when fifteen or ſixteen of the moſt active were ſeized and ſent to Newgate.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of MIDDLESEX.

Gentlemen,

AFTER the ſenſe of the County had ſo lately appeared in the cleareſt manner by my unanimous re-election, I did not expect that any gentleman could have been found to oppoſe me, ſtill leſs in ſo unfair a way as by a declaration not many hours previous to the poll. The advertiſement of Mr. Charles Dingley, in every public paper, is ſtolen upon us only this morning, although the day of election has been fixed near a month.

This plan of trick and ſurprize has been however concerting for ſome weeks, in a clandeſtine and dark manner, with the enemies of your freedom and independency. The meanneſs and artifice of this ungenerous attack, is to be ranked among the various miniſterial meaſures employed to ſet aſide the man of your free choice; but your firmneſs and ſpirit have rendered vain and fruitleſs all the contrivances of low cunning, and the efforts of weak malice.—My opponent declares under his hand, that "he has been ſolicited by ſome reſpectable freeholders of the County of Middleſex to offer himſelf a candidate to repreſent them in parliament, on account of the preſent vacancy," but, in fact, no freeholder could be prevailed upon even to put him in nomination. The noble ſtand you have made this day, in a cauſe which is common to every elector of Great Britain, will be remembered with gratitude by our lateſt poſterity.

My perſonal obligations to you, gentlemen, for your generous ſupport on this occaſion, I can never forget; but, as an Engliſhman, the greateſt of your conduct in ſo important and trying an inſtance, affects me ſtill more ſenſibly; for you have gloriouſly aſſerted the clear rights of every freeholder in the iſland, which a deſpotic miniſtry had openly invaded.

The manly ſpirit you have exerted this day in direct oppoſition to every art and intrigue of adminiſtration, cannot fail of making a ſtrong impreſſion upon a ſet of men who ſeek the ruin of public liberty. They have long loſt ſight of all national good; but they may now poſſibly refrain from further acts of deſpotiſm: And if we enjoy the noble privileges of our country, confirmed by the Great Charter and Bill of Rights, particularly theſe reſpecting the freedom of elections, ſecured to us by the wiſdom and valour of our anceſtors, we ſhall owe our happineſs to the zeal and vigour with which you, gentlemen, and the other independant electors of this kingdom, have ſupported theſe original and primary rights of Engliſhmen.

Whatever may be the conſequences of this day's proceedings, you have the ſatisfaction of having born your teſtimony to the juſt claims of every freeholder, and the beſt rights of our inheritance. The nation will in this age do juſtice to your merit: But your reward will not have an end with the preſent times; your names and memories will become dear and venerable to all future ages. I am, gentlemen, with much reſpect and gratitude, Your affectionate and faithful humble ſervant, JOHN WILKES.

King's-Bench-Priſon, Thurſday, March 16, 1769.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of MIDDLESEX.

Gentlemen,

IF I had not experienced your unwearied zeal for liberty and the defence of the fundamental rights of the ſubject, I ſhould feel ſome uneaſineſs in being now obliged, by a third expulſion, to beg the favour of you to attend ſo ſoon again at Brentford to ſupport your former choice. But I know you have the cauſe of your country at heart, and that your glory in every opportunity of convincing the world that you will never give up your title to a free election. If you tamely ſuffer this moſt valuable right of chuſing your repreſentative in parliament to be taken from you, or rendered of no effect, you muſt expect that the enjoyment of any meaner, or more inconſiderable franchiſe, will be long permitted. The ſpirit of every Engliſhman revolts at the very idea, and the freeholders of Middleſex have always firmly ſtood foremoſt in the day of trial, however ſevere and perilous.

The next county court is fixed for Thurſday the 13th of April, when the election will come on at Brentford. The appearance of my friends at an early hour of the day, I ſhall eſteem as a very particular obligation. I am, Gentlemen, with difference and reſpect, Your faithful and obliged humble ſervant, JOHN WILKES.

King's-Bench-Priſon, Saturday, March 18, 1769.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the ſaid Province.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS I judge it expedient for his Majeſty's Service, that the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, which at preſent ſtands prorogued 'till Monday the Twenty ſecond Day of May, ſhould be further prorogued: I DO THEREFORE iſſue this my Proclamation, hereby further proroguing the ſame, 'till Monday the Twenty-ninth Day of May, Inſtant, and it is hereby prorogued accordingly: Of which all Perſons concerned, are required to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province at Charles-Town, *this Seventeenth Day of May, Anno Domini* 1769, *and in the Ninth Year of his Majeſty's Reign.*

C. G. MONTAGU.

By his Excellency's Command,
THOMAS SKOTTOWE, *Secretary.*

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CHARLES-TOWN, May 23.

SUNDAY laſt his Excellency the Governor returned from his Tour through the interior Parts of this Province.

The ſame Day the Snow Shelburne, James Clark, Maſter, ſailed for Rhode-Iſland, in whom went Mr. William Scott, Son of Mr. John Scott, Merchant; Mr. Charvell Wingood, and ſome other Paſſengers.

John Bremar, Eſq; is appointed Deputy-Surveyor-General of this Province.

We hear that his Majeſty's Ship Fowey, Capt. Robinſon, who was aſhore near Port-Royal Bar, (as mentioned in our laſt) is got off, and put into Beaufort.

The Brigantine Eltham, George Phillips, Maſter, and the Brigantine George, William Olive, Maſter, both from this Port, are loſt on Oporto Bar; and the Brigantine Chance, George Beſt, Maſter, from George-Town for Poole, was aſhore the 10th of March, about three Leagues from the laſt Port.

"On the 11th Inſtant, Dr. Alexander Fizgerald, late of "Cape-Fear, was married to the Widow Beatty, of Ponpon."

DIED] Mrs. Jane Douxſaint, aged 73.

May	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	From
11th.	Sloop Falmouth, John Martin,	Jamaica
12th.	Brig Elizabeth, John Rookin,	Barbados
	Brig Harrietta, Charles Dawſon,	Jamaica
13th.	Sloop Fox, Eliſha Hinman,	Cape St. Nichola
	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilcriſt,	St. Kitts
	Schooner Sally, Marriot Parſons,	Virginia
	Ship Vine, George Chiſman,	London
	Sloop Anne, William Jarden,	Jamaica
	Ship Lilly, Hercules Angus,	Falmouth
17th.	Ship Planters-Adventure, Miles Lowley,	London
	Brig Shark, John Aſhburn,	Africa
	Ship Carolina-Packet, William White,	London
	Sloop Hope, John Rider,	Rhode-Iſland
	Sloop Swordfiſh, James Card,	Honduras
18th.	Brig John & Henry, Dennis Driſcoll,	Liſbon
20th.	Sloop Francis, James Seymour,	St. Euſtatia
22d.	Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Schooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Charles-Town, Somner Smith,	Barbados

May	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	For
10th.	Snow Shelburne, James Clark,	Rhode-Iſland
	Sloop Little-Betſey, Downham Newton,	N. Providence
	Brig Ranger, William Pickles,	North-Carolina
12th.	Sloop Betſey, Richard Small,	Grenada
	Sloop Falmouth, John Martin,	Falmouth, N. E.
13th.	Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Dickinſon,	St. Kitts
19th.	Brig Harrietta, Charles Dawſon,	Jamaica
	Sloop Elizabeth, James Gilcriſt,	Dominico
22d.	Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York

May	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	For
9th.	Ship William, Samuel Chace,	Boſton
10th.	Ship Achilles, John Walker,	Cape-Fear
11th.	Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon,	Philadelphia
	Ship Marquis of Rockingham, John Dennis,	Liverpool
	Ship Pitt, Joſeph Cheeſeman,	Cowes
12th.	Brig Hope, Charles Willis,	Ditto
13th.	Sloop Little-Betſey, Downham Newton,	Providence
	Sloop Frugality, John Burrows,	Cape-Fear
	Brig Betty, James Ramſay,	Liverpool
18th.	Snow Squirrel, Thomas Fiſher,	London
	Snow Shelburne, James Clark,	Rhode-Iſland
	Schooner Alarm, William Gardner,	Senegal
19th.	Sloop Little-Molly, William Leaycraft,	Bermuda
20th.	Ship Vine, George Chiſman,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Anne, William Jarden,	Port-Royal
	Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Dickinſon,	St. Kitts
	Ship Cygnet, James Smith,	Cape-Fear
22d.	Sloop Falmouth, John Martin,	Falmouth, N. E.

SOUTH-CAROLINA EXPORTS, ſince October 28, 1768.

RICE, viz.		INDICO, viz.	
To G. Britain,	59102 bls.	To G. Britain,	357023 lb.
Portugal,	19473 bls.	N. America,	4333 lb.
Spain,	5814 bls.	Total of Indico,	361356 lb.
N. America,	2967 bls.		
British Weſt-India Iſlands,	9699 bls.	Hemp,	217237 lb.
Foreign ditto,	1387 bls.	Reeds,	21175
Total of Rice,	98,442 bls.	Oranges,	39 bls.
		Tar, Common,	3043 bls.
Butter,	572 firkins	Ditto Green,	1291 bls.
Beef,	289 barrels	Staves,	136,930
Pitch,	2846 barrels	Peaſe,	8747 buſhels
Candles,	100 boxes	Ship-Bread,	299 barrels
Indian Corn,	52,296 buſh.	Rum,	9 hhds.
Soap,	55 boxes	Timber, plank, boards, &c.	484,044 feet.
Turpentine,	4483 bls.	Flour,	1396 barrels
Roſin,	7 bls.	Calf-ſkins,	272
Bees-Wax,	9046 lb.	Shingles,	1539,947
Tanned Leather,	1373 ſides	Potatoes,	410 buſhels
Ditto	819 lb.	Bricks,	9870
Ground-Nuts,	331 buſh.	Deer-ſkins,	94536 lb.
Cordage,	26209 lb.	Cows-horns,	6109
Pork,	2819 bls.	Racoon-ſkins,	88
Raw-hides,	432	Tobacco,	86526 lb.
Looſe Deer-ſkins,	120	Cordage,	48 coils
Rigging,	6000 lb.	Hoops,	9541
Horſes,	146	Hogs Lard,	12 barrels

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS,

Have imported in the Ship Planters-Adventure, *Capt.* Miles Lowley, *from* LONDON,

An Aſſortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the preſent and approaching ſeaſon, bought of the manufacturers with CASH, *and will be ſold* VERY CHEAP, *particularly for* READY MONEY, *at their ſtore in* Tradd-ſtreet, *among which are the following articles, viz.*

SUPERFINE BROAD CLOTHS, fagathies, jeans, jeanets, new faſhioned ſilk pieces for gentlemens ſummer waiſtcoats, ſilk breeches pieces, beaver and caſtor hats, blue and black princeſs ſtuff, a variety of ſtriped and plain ſilks, ſatins and thread ſatins, India perſians and taffaties, ſilk petticoats of all colours, umbrellas, fine chipt hats, black ſatin and ſtuff ſhoes and pumps, a variety of plain and faſhionable figured ribbons, India cotton thread, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, yard wide Iriſh linens, a few pieces of plain jackenet, ell wide muſlins, at 30s. per yard, caſh, by the piece, and 40s. per yard if cut, a few pieces of neat ſpriged and ſtriped ditto, at 60s. per yard, caſh, by the piece, and 70s. if cut, lawns, cambricks, an aſſortment of India and Engliſh chints, cottons, callicoes and printed linens, handſome bed patterns, neat new faſhioned Marſeilles cotton bed quilts, Marſeilles quilting for ladies petticoats, huhums, book muſlin, thread and ſilk pavillion gauſe, ginghams and Bengal ſtripes, gloves and mitts of all ſorts, glaſs India ſhades, Italian riding chairs, fans, Oſtrich feathers for ladies hats, ditto for children, eight day clocks very cheap, a watch with chimes, cordage at 7l. per hundred, by the coil, caſh, gold and ſilver epaulets or ſhoulder knots, common ditto for ſervants, very faſhionable in England, gold and ſilver lace, japaned tea tables and cheſts, faſhionable japaned bottle ſtands, a variety of ironmongery, china and glaſs ware, earthen ware, ſaddlery, perfumery, pickles, Ward's medicines, paints and oils, pewter, nails, bruſhes, grocery, ſpices, threads, and ſuch goods as are generally imported.

Alſo a quantity of Engliſh OATS and RYE, at 1s. 6d. per buſhel, for ready money.

A few boxes of MANNA, to be ſold very cheap.

AT STOTT'S

MANCHESTER WARE-HOUSE,

In BEADON'S-ALLEY,

JUST IMPORTED,

In the CAROLINA-PACKET, *Captain* WHITE,

A Compleat aſſortment of brown and white thread hoſe, white cotton ditto, thread pavillion gauſe, white kenting, printed and check handkerchiefs, printed linens and callicoes, clouting diaper, India perſians, piſtol lawns, brown Sileſias, garlix, princes linen, Iriſh linen, ſheeting ditto, a large aſſortment of brown and white oznabrugs, heſſings, jeans and jeanets, ſtriped mozeens, checked and ſtriped Demaſcus, plain India dimities, half yard and yard wide flowered ditto, checks and ſtripes of all kinds, and moſt other articles manufactured in Manchester, which being bought immediately from the manufacturers, will be ſold on their uſual cheap terms for CASH,

A ſmall Aſſortment of HARD WARE, from CHARLES LITTLEWOOD, of Sheffield, (late reſident here) to be diſpoſed off on cheap terms as above.

THE Sale of the Perſonal Eſtate of *Maurice Harvey*, deceaſed, advertiſed to be on the 18th Inſtant, is put off till Thurſday the 8th of June next, at which Time ſaid Effects will be ſold without Reſerve. Place of Sale and Conditions the ſame as before advertiſed.

DORCAS HARVEY, Adminiſtratrix.

A Gentleman juſt come from VIRGINIA has to ſell, a very fine blooded MARE, a well gated Country ſtrong HORSE, and a very genteel Virginia made Riding CHAIR for one Perſon. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the Terms at Mr. RIDDLE's Stables, where they are kept.

THE Demands in this Province and from ſome of the neighbouring Colonies for, "THE EXTRACTS "from the Proceedings of the HIGH COURT OF VICE "ADMIRALTY, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina," &c. having far exceeded the Number of Books printed,

A ſecond Impreſſion,

By Deſire of many reſpectable Perſons,
With ſome additional Remarks, &c. and a *proper* Appendix to the whole,

WILL SOON BE MADE AND PUBLISHED.

"No Pleaſure is comparable to the ſtanding upon the "vantage Ground of Truth: A Hill not to be com-"manded—and where the Air is always clear and ſerene.
BACON.

The Diſpute is not perſonal nor of a private Nature—therefore, be not miſled by the FALSE MAGNET, of a TITLE PAGE.

If the Quondam J——— can clear up his Character, TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE PUBLIC, from the Complaints, by ALL PARTIES, againſt his Ju———al Proceedings—He will find me to be as he has always known and now declared me to be,

"The Man unmaſked;"

I ſhall be foremoſt to ſubſcribe his Acquittal, and ready to make the moſt ample Conceſſions——But if he *knows* the *Impoſſibility* of ſucceeding in an Attempt to do ſo——no wonder if *that Man* ſhall *again* have Recourſe to perſonal Invective, Chicanery, and Falſehood—and vainly hope to bury Truth amongſt Rubbiſh.——Let him proceed, and bring forth all the Errors of my private Life that *he knows of*, even that of having placed ſome Confidence in *him*—and when he has compleated his Catalogue—provided he ſpeaks Truth—I will not only acknowledge *the whole*, but I will add ſome Faults that *he does not know of*—and leave him there in the painful Suſpence of PHLEGYAS.

☞ The Motions of his Spirit are dull as Night,
And his Affections dark as Erebus.
Let no ſuch Man be truſted.
SHAKESP.

The facetious *Sterne*, applies theſe Words to a "*poor ſordid, ſelfiſh Wretch*;"—ſuch an one perhaps as ſtands unmoved by *any Man's Affliction*, and even by the *Cries of Juſtice*—one who *in the Seat of Judgement* is capable of playing off both Parties—craming an Oath upon one Man—extorting an Oath from another—without any other Views than his own Intereſts.——In this Light I might with ſome Propriety, according to univerſal Opinion, retort

Infandus Judex! . . . . . .
. . . . . hic Vir! hic eſt!

But as I have no private Pique againſt Mr. LEIGH, ſo I am *now* reſolved to enter into no private Quarrel with, a Man *who is under ſo many Diſadvantages*—and yet I may leave a Stone hanging over his *ungrateful* Head.

THE PUBLISHER OF THE EXTRACTS.

JUDGE LEIGH's Bilingſgate Rhapſody —*in Vindication of his judicial Proceedings*, being now abroad under the Title of

The Man unmaſked.

A SECOND EDITION of the "EXTRACTS from the Proceedings of the HIGH COURT OF VICE ADMIRALTY, in Charles-Town, South-Carolina,"——with an APPENDIX, containing among other Matters—ſuch Letters, *at full Length*, as the Judge has thought proper for *his Purpoſes* to *mangle* or *mutilate*—and other Letters, which *he found Neceſſary* to paſs over in Silence,

WILL BE PUBLISHED SOMETIME IN THE MONTH OF JUNE NEXT.

From whence the Public will obtain a clearer View of certain *material Circumſtances*—than the JUDGE—"in the Simplicity of his Heart," wiſhes they ſhould have—and *our Bilinguous Judge* will be in PLAIN ENGLISH further convicted of *Falſehood, Meanneſs* and *Treachery*—Falſehood, *quoad* a Judge, even to a "*bare-faced*"——*, ——deliberately and ſolemnly pronounced *from the Bench* for Truth—upon a Point whereon by his *own* Confeſſion, *(fatal lack of Memory!)* he founded a *Determination* of great Conſequence to the Public.

Theſe Facts the Publiſher may be allowed to prove for *public Good*, conſiſtent with all "his religious Profeſſions," and without infringing upon any Branch of "*the Litany*"—but it is not his Deſign to follow that POLE CAT† through all the Filth exhibited in his ſcurrilous Performance ——The JUDGE's Attempts, *his laſt Hopes*, are, as every Body foreſaw, "*to bury Truth among Rubbiſh*"—the Publiſher of the Extracts will continue ſtrictly to adhere to the *former*, as *the Pearl of great Price*, and leave the *latter* as an Addition to the Treaſures of a LUDICROUS, UNJUST and INCORRIGIBLE JUDGE.

Falſe and infamous as the JUDGE's Inſinuations and Aſperſions againſt the Publiſher's Character are—yet his "*Catalogue*" is not *now* ſo *completely* wicked as *it was* intended to be, if the JUDGE *who* "marks the Line of Woman's Duty," had not been previouſly detected in that Sin which ſunk Annanias and Saphira down to the Shades of Death—and his horrible Purpoſes *ſo far* curtailed.

Some Perſons ſay the only proper Anſwer to all that the JUDGE has ſcribbled, foreign from the Subject Matter of the EXTRACTS, ſhould be the Diſcipline of NEW-MARKET, but even that Sort of Correction—*admitting he had not ſecured himſelf like the Goat in the Fable*—would in the Publiſher's *own* Opinion be almoſt too great an Inſtance of Condeſcention to him, and therefore that *Enthuſiaſtic Hero* need not run-away again, upon any future accidental Meeting in the Street.

As a Man he is contemptible—as a Judge—as an Attorney-General—as a Graſper of Retainers from both Sides, *his Right Hand not knowing what his Left Hand doth*—he ſhall be taken *proper Notice of*, and duly attended to—until he ſhews the Sincerity of his Repentance by an Amendment of his Manners.

"Severity (to Reform deſperate People)
"unleſs it be adminiſtred in ample Veſſels,
"ſerves only to harden their Hearts and
"exaſperate them."

---

* This Chaſm ſhall be filled up in the Appendix with the Name of an ENGLISH BRAND, initiated by a *Letter of the Alphabet* immediately following the *Letter* K.

† The Pole Cat is a pitiful Animal, upon whom Nature has beſtowed but one Weapon, its URINA, for its Defence —if you deteſt it robbing your Hen-Rooſt, the little Creature ſquirts at you, and under the foul Stench ariſing from ſuch [illegible] *an Eſcape*.

VERY little regard being paid to our former advertiſement, requiring payment of the debts due to the late Mr. WILLIAM DANDRIDGE, deceaſed, WE NOW GIVE NOTICE, that every debt which is deemed recoverable, and is not paid by the 10th of next month, June, will be then placed in the hands of *William Burrows*, Eſq; to be immediately ſued for; and thoſe that are indebted for effects ſold, belonging to the ſaid deceaſed's eſtate, are deſired to make payment by the above mentioned time, that we may be enabled to pay the legatees their ſeveral legacies.

FRANCES DANDRIDGE,
GEORGE SMITH.

☞ Commodious STORES to be let by ſaid SMITH.

THE ſubſcriber having taken a convenient room at Mrs. Knox's, in Beadon's-alley, intends opening a ſchool on the 6th of June next, where he will teach LATIN and GREEK, thoſe who will pleaſe to entruſt him with the education of their children may depend on his utmoſt care and diligence.
JOHN GOLDIE.

ATKINS & WESTON,

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,
By the Ship Carolina-Packet, *Captain* William White, *from* LONDON,

A neat Aſſortment of GOODS,

Among which are the following particulars, viz.

A Few pieces of SILKS, of the moſt elegant fancies, Iriſh linen of all prices, eſpecially from 20d. to 30s. per yard, which for goodneſs and cheapneſs are equal to any ever imported, neat guns, very beſt hunting ſaddles, with piſtol machines and piſtols fixed, and fine large ſaddle cloths, &c. fine hats, &c. &c. which with former importations, they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, both at their ſtores in *Charles-Town*, and at *Stono*.

N. B. A neat cheap KITCHEN JACK for ſale, in town.

AT JOHN TUNNO's

Manchester and Linen WARE-HOUSE,
In BROAD-STREET,
Lately poſſeſſed by Meſſieurs *Brewton & Smith*,

JUST IMPORTED,
(And now OPENING)
A LARGE and COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of

LINEN DRAPERY,

Which he will ſell by WHOLESALE at ſuch prices as will afford *good profit* to thoſe who buy to ſell again, and in RETAILE on very low terms, for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.—Any perſon buying to the amount of 20l. or upwards, a diſcount of 5 per Cent. will be made them for CASH, amongſt the above are the following articles, VIZ.

IRISH and Scotch linens of all kinds, ſtriped cotton holland at 9d. 6d. per yard, Scotch and Manchester handkerchiefs, cotton and linen checks from 4d. 6d. per yard to 25s. fine white counterpanes, a great variety of fine half yard and yard wide dimittes, half yard and one an half fine corded ditto, Dutch corded ditto, printed linen handkerchiefs of all kinds, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, diaper and damaſk napkining of all kinds, diaper in the piece, diaper and damaſk table cloths, fine white jeans, ſuperfine yard wide India dimity, ſuperior to any imported into this province, a great variety of ſilk ſtripes for mens waiſtcoats, faſhionable thin BROAD CLOTHS, neweſt faſhioned hats and bonnets from London, clear lawns, ſpotted ditto, ſtriped and flowered ditto, 6-4 wide flowered and ſtriped ditto, fine needle work aprons, ditto handkerchiefs, pavillion gauze, plain and flowered fine muſlins of all ſorts, long lawns, Sileſias, Iriſh ſheeting, Ruſſia ditto, bony made ditto, Holland ditto, dowlaſs, bony made ſtout linens, nankeens, dyed linen and Ruſſia drab of all ſorts, buckaback for table cloths, hempen and flaxen Ruſſia clouting diaper, China blue linens, and a variety of printed linens and cottons, Raven's duck, furniture check of all ſorts, an aſſortment of hoſiery, porter in bottles, barrels, and hogſheads, cheeſe, Bohea, Congo, Sweetſong, and Hyſon TEA, and ſundry other articles.

N. B. *Exceeding good OZNABRUGS at 3s. 3d. per yard, and a ſmall parcel of ENGLISH ROPES, to be ſold very cheap.*

TUNES TEBOUT,

Has to SELL, at PRIVATE SALE,
A new Coaſting SCHOONER compleat,
WITH
Four Boat NEGROES.
He will ſell them *cheap* for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.

OLIVER CROMWELL,

Has juſt imported in the Ships Planters-Adventure, *Captain* Miles Lowley, *and the* Carolina-Packet, *Captain* William White, *from* LONDON,

SUPERFINE faſhionable BROAD CLOTHS with ſuitable trimmings, velvets, India nankeens, ſtripe Damaſcus, black and blue ſerge de neſme breeches pieces of an extraordinary quality, with ſeveral other articles proper for his buſineſs, which he carries on in the houſe where Mr. *Walter Maſſell* for many years carried on the taylor's trade, the corner of Church and Tradd-ſtreet.

N. B. He once more begs the favour of thoſe gentlemen who has had the indulgence of eighteen months, and two, three, and four years, to conſider what a diſadvantage it muſt be to him in his buſineſs.

STRAYED the Beginning of April, from my Plantation on Charles-Town neck, two BAY GELDINGS, about 15 hands high; the one branded on the mounting ſhoulder I, and on the nigh ſhoulder and buttock W, and has a black mane and tail; the other is branded I R upon the near buttock, and has a ſtar in his forehead. Whoever delivers the ſaid geldings, at my plantation, or to me in Charles-Town, ſhall receive TWO DOLLARS reward for each.
WILLIAM BURROWS.

For LONDON directly,
THE SHIP
CAROLINA-PACKET,
WILLIAM WHITE, Maſter.
(Now lying at Colonel Beale's Wharf)
FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or
BREWTON, DOYLEY, & BREWTON.
A Tun of the very fineſt HYSON TEA, and London PORTER in Barrels, to be ſold cheap by ſaid Maſter.

RICHARD FOWLER,

UPHOLSTERER and PAPER HANGER,
At his ſhop in Meeting-ſtreet, has juſt imported in the Carolina-Packet, *Capt.* William White, *from* LONDON,

A Very large aſſortment of PAPER HANGINGS of the neweſt patterns, with ſome plain ſky blue paper, with or without gold borders, with a large quantity of horſe hair ſeating, braſs nails, and every other article in the upholſtery buſineſs; he likewiſe carries on all the different branches of the ſaid buſineſs in the neateſt and moſt expeditious manner.—Sophas, French and eaſy chairs, made as cheap as can be imported.

He returns thanks to thoſe ladies and gentlemen that have already favoured him with their commands, and hopes for a continuation of their favours.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber in St. Stephen's pariſh, a middle ſized roan horſe, much reſembling a bright bay, has a ſmall blaze in his forehead, much like a heart, paces, trots, and canters, branded IL in one, was formerly the property of Mr. Sedgwick Lewis, in Gooſe-Creek, who raiſed him at Waſſamſaw. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges, on delivery to Mr. JAMES MOORE, at Monk's-Corner, or JOHN CHRISTOPHER ZAHN.

For LONDON;
(To ſail by the 15th of June)
THE SHIP
PLANTERS-ADVENTURE,
MILES LOWLEY, Maſter.
FOR Freight or Paſſage, (having good Accommodations) apply to ſaid Maſter, or
MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subſcriber,
TWO TENEMENTS, ſituated on the Bay, oppoſite to Mr. Burn's Wharf. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe them, may know the Terms, by applying to
ALEXANDER PERONNEAU.

THE Commiſſioners for building a CHAPEL in St. George's pariſh, are willing to agree with any Perſon who will undertake to find the materials and build the ſame, of good ſound timber, thirty feet ſquare in the cleer. ——Propoſals may be ſent to either of the ſubſcribers by the 10th day of June next, or at the meeting of the Commiſſioners on that day, at the houſe of Capt. *William Young*, on Orangeburgh road.

DAVID RUMPH,
May 13, 1769. WILLIAM YOUNG,
DANIEL LINDER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of LAND, containing 500 acres, in Chriſt-Church pariſh, butting on Sewee-Bay, there is a good dwelling houſe and other out-buildings on ſaid land, with a quantity of good corn and indico land, and a large quantity of ſawing and ſquaring timber, has a landing on the Bay, and within five miles of Wapetaw landing. Whoever has an inclination to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to the ſubſcriber at Santee. RICHARD BLAKE, ſen.

Canoes to be ſold by Mr. *Charles Ruſſel*, Ship-Carpenter, belonging to the ſubſcriber.

For LISBON,
(To ſail in Ten Days)
The Ship LILLY,
HERCULES ANGUS, MASTER.
(Having very good Accommodations for Paſſengers)

ANY Perſon wanting to take Paſſage for London, by the Way of Liſbon, may apply to ſaid Maſter on board at Mr. Burn's Wharf.

Who has for ſale about 20 Quarter-Caſks of good Liſbon WINE.

For RHODE-ISLAND,
(To ſail by the 10th of June)
THE SCHOONER
TWO-JOSEPHS,
JOSEPH JORDAN, Maſter.
BEING an exceeding good new Veſſel. For Freight, apply to ſaid Maſter on board, or to
WILLIAM & JAMES CARSAN.

TO BE SOLD together, or in parcels, or leaſed, and may be entered on immediately,

A BODY of exceeding good river ſwamp ſavannah, and high land, ſufficient for five or ſix ſettlements, and is well calculated for rice or indico, about 2000 acres of the ſwamp and ſavannah may be laid under water, with very little expence of damming, and is eſteemed as good for rice as moſt of the land at the ſouthward, having a fine blue clay foundation, and has the advantage of other lands on Santee, being ſo ſituated that two months work of 40 hands will ſecure 1500 acres againſt the higheſt freſhes; the high land is as good for corn or indico as any in the province, and has on it a dwelling-houſe, out-houſes, a garden, and about 200 acres under good fence, and fit for plowing. There are alſo in the low grounds three ſets of cypreſs indico vats, pumps, &c. and 90 acres damed in, fit for planting, and may be plowed; ſaid land is near Neilſon's-ferry, 60 miles from Charles-Town, and two from ſaid ferry landing, where boats from 50 to 70 barrels of rice burden, are paſſing almoſt every week in the year.——A reaſonable time for payment will be given, but conſiderable abatement for ready money or ſhort credit.

N. B. *The land will be ſold much cheaper than any of the ſame quality has been in this province for many years paſt. For further particulars, enquire of the printer, or Mr.* JARED NEILSON, *at Neilſon ferry, on Santee.*

For LONDON directly,

The NEW SHIP
BETSEY & ELSY,
JOHN HARRISON, Maſter.
(Burthen about 1100 Barrels)
FOR Freight of Rice, Indico, or Deer-Skins, or for Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter on board at Mrs. Wragg's Wharf.

GOOD PARCHMENT SKINS, to be ſold by the Printer hereof.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Tuesday the 9th Inst. *Thomas Legare*, sen. and *John Hunt*, being duly summoned and returned to serve as Jurors at said Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that the said Defaulters will be fined in the Sum of *Five Pounds* Proclamation Money each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses, upon Oath, for their Non-appearance, on or before the first Tuesday in July next. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, May 12, 1769.

THOMAS LOUGHTON, AND ROGER SMITH,

Have just imported in the Ship Carolina-Packet, *Captain* William White, *from* LONDON,

A large Assortment of GOODS,

Among which are,

FASHIONABLE SILKS, plain, striped, and flowered MUSLINS and LAWNS, INDIA CHINTS, two neat Italian RIDING CHAIRS, on steel springs, best PORTER in barrels, MILITIA DRUMS, WALNUT CHAIRS with horse hair seats, &c. &c.

Recess Society.

THE Members of the RECESS SOCIETY, are desired to attend the ANNIVERSARY FEAST thereof, at the House of Mr. *Benjamin Hanves*, on the Bay, on Monday the 5th of June next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon.

By Order of the President,
GEORGE COOKE, Secretary.

GEORGE PARKER,

At his Store in Church-street, *the corner of* Elliott-street, *is now selling considerably under the USUAL ADVANCE,*

A large Assortment of

European and East-India Goods,

Imported in the *last vessels* from LONDON, BRISTOL, and LIVERPOOL, suitable for the present and ensuing season.

BUTTER in FIRKINS,

from 30 to 100 lb. neat, *equal* to FRESH BUTTER.

Also about fifty firkins of *inferior ditto* at 2s. 6d.—TALLOW—fresh FLOUR—SHIP BREAD, and CABBIN ditto in barrels—BRISTOL BEER—Ben. Kenton's PORTER—SALLAD OIL in quart bottles, at 2l. 10s. per dozen—MILK PANS—MADERA and VIDONIA WINES by the pipe, quarter-cask, or dozen bottles, warranted good—JAMAICA, WEST-INDIA, and NORTHWARD RUM—MUSCOVADO SUGAR, BAR IRON—PLOWSHARE MOULDS—TOBACCO in hogsheads, equal in quality to VIRGINIA TOBACCO—fine and coarse SALT, &c. &c.

☞ A great variety of neat patterns of PAPER HANGINGS, to be sold exactly SEVEN for ONE *ready money.*

Charles-Town, May 13, 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

On Tuesday the Twenty-fourth Instant,

A choice CARGO of about 200

Prime NEGROES,

Just arrived in the Ship JENNY, Captain RICHARD WEBSTER, directly from the RICE or GRAIN COAST.

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

Eleven Prime SLAVES,

Men, Women, and two Boys, on Freight,

Just arrived in the Ship *Jenny*, Captain *Richard Webster*, directly from the RICE or GRAIN COAST, and to be sold on Wednesday the 24th Instant, by

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue,

On Wednesday the 7th of June next, precisely at 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Mr. Nightingale's, *on Charles-Town Neck,*

Five LIKELY, YOUNG

HORSES,

AND A

FILLY,

of the English Breed.

DANIEL BLAKE.

WOTTON & DARBY, by this notice desires all persons, where they have dealings, and others, not to credit any person in their names, neither to the company, or separate, without a written order from one of them, as an attempt of the kind has already been made.

AS Capt. LEMPRIERE and ROBERT COCHRAN carries on the Ship-Yard, lately occupied by said Cochran, on Charles-Town neck, and known to be the most convenient in Carolina, the business to be directed by Mr. *Edward Wallace*, Shipwright, who has a sufficient number of hands, stuff, masts, &c. on the spot, for the greatest dispatch. Any Captain or Merchant applying as above, may depend on having their work done on the most reasonable terms.

Just imported in the Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn, *master, from* NEW-YORK, *and to be sold by said master at* Champneys's *wharf,*

SUPERFINE FLOUR, ship, water, milk, and butter BREAD, New-York RUM, BEER, salt-petred HAMS, cases and kegs of GENEVA and CORDIALS, spermaceti CANDLES, BAR IRON, &c. &c.

☞ The said SLOOP will sail for NEW-YORK the first of June next. For freight or passage, apply to said master on board, lying at Champneys's wharf.

STRAYED into the plantation of Mr. *Henry Reeves*, on Edisto, a bay horse, about thirteen hands high, trots, branded on his mounting buttock something like this —. The owner must prove his property before

May 11, 1769. JOHN DERING, J. P.

To be hired by the Month or Year,

A NEGRO WENCH, that can cook, wash, and iron extremely well. Enquire of the Printers.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has removed into the house behind the Beef-market, lately in the occupation of Mr. *John Moore*, at which he the better to distinguish it, has put up the sign of a white horse, where he will give satisfactory entertainment to such as please to favour him with their custom, having provided himself with an extraordinary good billiard table, and an assortment of as good liquors as any in the province, which he will constantly keep up, as he intends by good order and care to establish the credit of the house, and revive its antient custom; he also will serve any gentlemen with tea, coffee, or chocolate, in their proper hours, having a genteel room in said house compleatly adapted for that purpose.——He will board and lodge any country gentlemen or others, by the night, month, or year, very reasonable.

N. B. He desires all persons having any demands whatsoever against him to bring in their accounts and receive payment, he also intreats the favour of those indebted to him to discharge immediately their respective accounts, which will very much oblige their humble servant to command.

EUGENE BRENAN.

MARGARET NELSON,

PASTRY-COOK, from LONDON,

BEGS leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen, that she has removed from Elliott-street into King-street, next house but one to Mrs. *Stokes's* boarding-school, and from the satisfaction she has hitherto given in her profession, hopes for the continuance of their custom, and continues to make when bespoken, rich plumb cake iced, at 10s. per pound, biscuit and seed ditto, syllybubs and jelleys, 20s. per dozen, white custards in glasses, at 15s. per dozen, lemon and orange cream blomange, 20s. per plate, rice cups, 12s. 6d. per plate, lemon, orange, citron, and almond puddings, 20s. a piece, orange pye, 30s. snow cheese, 30s. apple tarts, curd, and apple cheese-cakes, 24s. per dozen, almond and lemon ditto, 30s. per dozen, minced pies, 3s. 9d. a piece, preserved oranges, 7s. 6. a piece, apples 15s. per plate, orange and apple marmalet, collard and potted beef, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

N. B. She still continues to wash blonds, gauses and lace.—Clear starching to the greatest perfection.

CHARLES STROTHER,

LIVING in Broad-street, near Mrs. Hoyland's, acquaints the public, that he keeps private lodgings, and has good stable room, and will take in ten horses on a reasonable rate; any gentlemen that please to favour him with their custom, may depend on having their horses taken good care of, as their food will be of his own raising.

Waccamaw, May 6, 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

A Very valuable plantation on Waccamaw river, about thirteen miles from George-Town, containing about 300 acres of swamp, and 400 acres of high-land; the swamp is not inferior to any tide land in this province; there is a good orchard, and some buildings on it. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. *Hugh Swinton*, in Charles-Town, or of GEORGE PAWLEY, jun.

TO BE SOLD on Thursday the 8th of June next,

A Valuable TRACT of PINE LAND, containing 430 acres, within three miles of Watboo landing, good for sawing, and making of turpentine, pitch and tar, there is a good dwelling house and other out-houses on said land.

TO BE SOLD at the same time and place,

NINE valuable SLAVES, among them are a pair of as good sawyers as any in the province, one of the sawyers can wet, set, and lay out, he can also square very well, is a good carter, very trusty, and does not exceed 50 years of age, some working oxen, carts, plantation tools, and houshold furniture. The conditions of the sale will be three months credit, paying interest from the day of sale. AUGUSTIN KING.

THE Sale of Mr. James Allen's Estate, advertised to be on Thursday the 25th of May Instant, is put off to a future Day.

EIGHT THOUSAND POUNDS to be let at Interest, on certain Conditions. Apply to the Printer.

TO BE SOLD,

A HARPSICHORD almost new, and nothing worse for use. Whoever has need of such an Instrument, may hear of one that will be sold upon very reasonable Terms, by applying to the Printer.

JAMES M'KENZIE, in Elliott-street, opposite Messrs. James & William Lennox's, finding his present Plan not answering his expectations, and that he may be enabled to support his Family, would be glad to be employed in a Store, Compting-House, or any other Business in the Mercantile Way.

ALL persons indebted to *Joseph Ellicott*, deceased, or to his estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber; and all persons having any demands against the said deceased or his estate, are desired to bring them in properly attested before the first day of July next, otherwise they will loose their dividend of said deceased's effects, as a division of the whole in the subscriber's hands, will then be made, by

May 9, 1769. EVAN JONES, Administrator.

THAT the world may not be imposed on by the villainous artifice of WILLIAM CANNON, of Saludy, I shall inform them, that he hath made over his whole estate to his children sometime ago, doubtless to defraud his creditors, he sells me (an entire stranger) a piece of land, on the Inoree, which had been pattened by a north right some years before he fradulently obtained a south right, although his right is good for nothing, gives me his bond for 500l. sterl. to make me a good and sufficient deed to said land, I gave him bonds for 400l. south, dated 1st of April, 1769, one payable twelve months after date, the other two years ditto, I have in vain applied repeatedly for a release from said CANNON, he sculks and wont be seen, his wife denies delivering my bonds on any terms, as he must be insolvent and no real right to said land, I gave her up his bond to make me a deed, and do hereby forwarn all persons from purchasing said bonds on any terms, as I am determined not to pay them, and much question whether I shall ever come to the province to live, where I have met with such unparelled villainy at my first entrance.

April 22, 1769. JOHN M'MACHEN.

Just imported in the Sloop SALLY, Captain SCHERMERHORN, from NEW-YORK,

ESOPUS FLOUR, SHIP BREAD, choice New-York ALE in Barrels, West-India and Northward RUM, and Muscovado SUGAR, to be sold, by

SAVAGE & LEGARE.

WILLIAM WEBB,

Has just imported in the Prince of Wales, *Captain* Mason, *from* PHILADELPHIA,

LEWIS's superfine FLOUR in whole and half barrels, and kegs, Hopkin's WATER-BREAD, SHIP BREAD, and choice Philadelphia salt petred HAMS, to be sold cheap.—A few barrels of best SWEET CYDER.

The Co-partnership of

PRICE, HEST, & HEAD,

EXPIRED the first of this instant, May, and one of them going to leave the province, there is a necessity of closing that concern as soon as possible; they therefore request all persons who are indebted to them to make immediate payment, that they may be enabled to settle the demands against the said Co-partnership.

WILLIAM PRICE,

INTENDS carrying on business in the same house alone, where an assortment of CORDAGE, and all other articles of SHIP CHANDLERY will be kept for sale, on reasonable terms, and he will be obliged to the friends of the former house for their favours.

WHEREAS THOMAS IVERS, WILLIAM PRICE, WILLIAM HEST, and EDMUND HEAD, advertised sometime since, of their having established a *Manufactory* of CORDAGE, under the firm of

THOMAS IVERS, & Co.

This is to give notice that the said *Manufactory* is now carried on by THOMAS IVERS, WILLIAM PRICE, and WILLIAM HEST, (under the same firm) EDMUND HEAD having declined in favour of the two latter.——They therefore request the favour of those whose accounts with that concern are now due, to make payment, that a settlement may be made with the party declined.

For SALE, by private contract,

A Very valuable tract of about 400 acres of LAND, in St. James's parish, Goose Creek, bounding southward on land of Mr. John Fulmer, westward and northward on land of Mr. Peter Bacot, eastward on land of William Haggatt, Esq; hath full 80 acres of good cypress swamp, the other part is good corn and indico land, and is well timbered, lies within three or four miles of two landings, Goose-Creek bridge and Dorchester, and not more than 18 miles from Charles-Town. Whoever inclines to purchase, may apply in Charles-Town, to GEORGE PARKER.

Just imported in the Sloop Polly, Samuel Wright, *Master, from* PHILADELPHIA,

SHIP BREAD, Lewis's superfine flour in barrels and half barrels, best double beer in barrels and half barrels, sweet cyder, white bread in kegs, salt petred hams, spermaceti candles, flour of mustard, &c. to be sold on Col. Beale's wharf, by WILLIAM SYKES.

For SALE,

A Cypress canoe built BOAT, about 28 feet long, and 5 feet wide, in good repair, with a new suit of sails, and grapnal. She is well calculated for attending the markets. Any person inclinable to purchase her, may apply to BENJAMIN & EDWARD SIMONS.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of Capt. JOHN CATTELL, late of *St. George's* parish, deceased, are desired to bring them in properly attested, to be paid off; and those indebted, are also desired to make speedy payment.

CATHARINE CATTELL, Executrix.
DANIEL DONOVAN, and ROBERT CATTELL, } Executors.

N. B. Those concerned, may apply to *Daniel Donovan*, in Charles-Town.

A NEW EDITION of the WORKS of the celebrated JOHN WILKES, Esq; is now publishing in New-York, by Mr. JAMES RIVINGTON, Bookseller, in three Vols. Octavo, at the low Price of Two DOLLARS and a QUARTER the Set.—The Paper manufactured, and all the Printing performed in America.

SUBSCRIPTIONS taken in by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

April 16, 1769. A negro fellow of the *Mendings* country, calls himself *Harry*, says his master's name is *Richard Davis*, lives near *William Flood's* on Santee, he is 6 feet high, of a yellow complexion, strait limbed, says he is a piece of a cooper, and has been out almost 12 months, has on an old white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up at Mr. *John Joor's* plantation called the *Cypress*.

May 19, 1769. A mullatto fellow, calls himself *Jowett*, says he was born in Jamaica, and belonged to Mrs. *Bonner*, she dying Mr. *Gibbes*, Merchant, took him, and he believes sold him to one Captain *Sangster*, he dying on his passage to *Liverpool*, imagined himself free, as no one claimed him, shipped himself on board the Brig *Gambia*, Captain *Hudson*, bound for the *River Gambia*, and continued twenty two months there, but on Captain *Davis's* arrival shipped himself with him for *South-Carolina*, he is five feet five inches high, strait limbed, pitted with the small-pox, has a cut over his right eye. Taken up by one Mr. *Hughes*, in *Charles-Town*, as Mr. *Gibbes's* property in *Jamaica*.

JOHN BROWN, Warden.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.